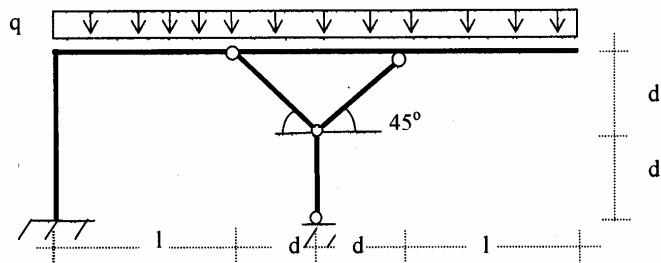


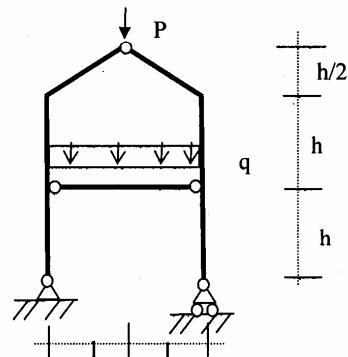
A

SCIENZA DELLE COSTRUZIONI I 31-03-2010

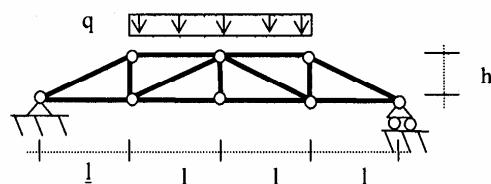
1) Risolvere e disegnare i diagrammi quotati in Kg di N,T,M con  $l=3m$ ,  $d=1.5m$ ,  $q=1000 \text{ kg/m}$ .



2) Risolvere la struttura simmetrica in figura e disegnare i diagrammi quotati in Kg di N,T,M con  $l=2m$ ,  $h=3m$ ,  $q=200 \text{ kg/m}$ ,  $P=2q$



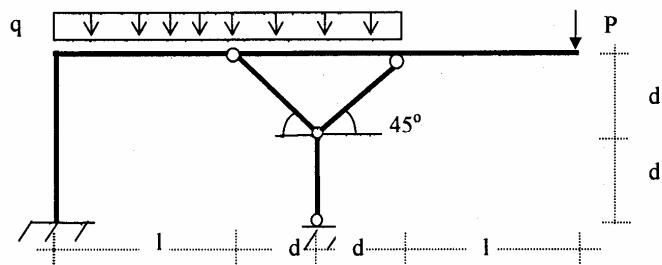
3) Determinare lo stato di sollecitazione primario e secondario della reticolare in figura dove  $l=1.5 \text{ m}$ ,  $h=1 \text{ m}$   $q=100 \text{ kg/m}$ ; si ricorda che occorre stilare la tabella degli sforzi primari col loro valore in Kg.



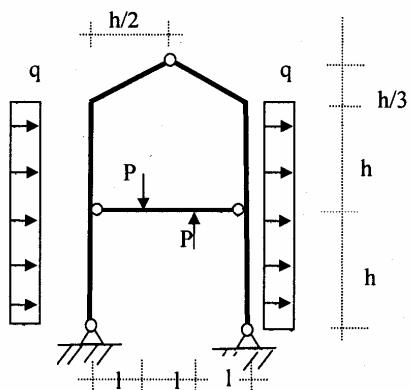
# B

SCIENZA DELLE COSTRUZIONI I 31-03-2010

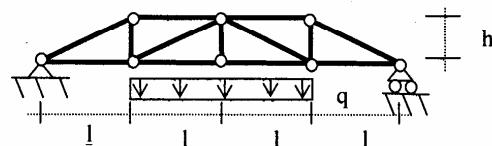
1) Risolvere e disegnare i diagrammi quotati in Kg di N,T,M con  $l=3m$ ,  $d=1.5m$ ,  $q=1000 \text{ kg/m}$ ,  $P=ql$



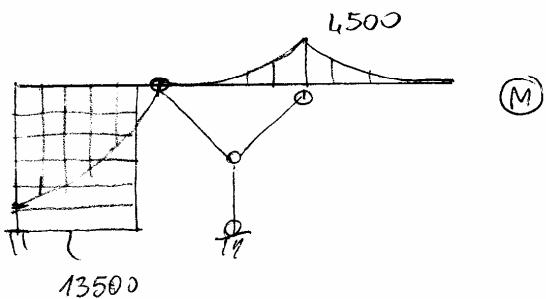
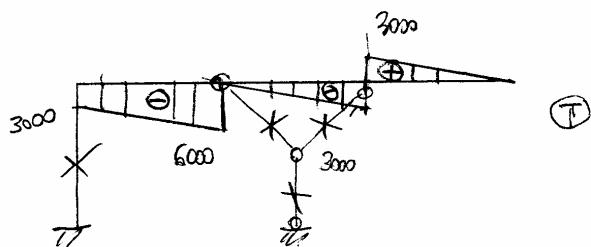
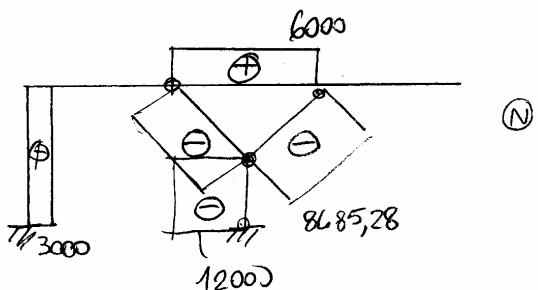
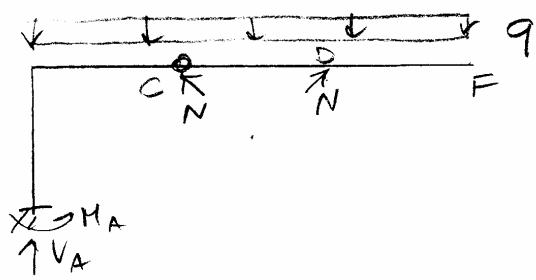
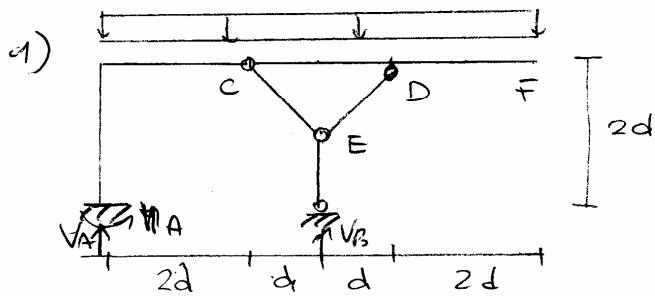
2) Risolvere la struttura antisimmetrica in figura e disegnare i diagrammi quotati in Kg di N,T,M con  $l=1m$ ,  $h=3m$ ,  $q=200 \text{ kg/m}$ ,  $P=ql$



3) Determinare lo stato di sollecitazione primario e secondario della reticolare in figura dove  $l=1.5 \text{ m}$ ,  $h=1 \text{ m}$ ,  $q=100 \text{ kg/m}$ ; si ricorda che occorre stilare la tabella degli sforzi primari col loro valore in Kg.



SdC I 31/03/2010



$$d = 1,5 \text{ m}$$

$$q = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$$

NODE (E)

$$N = \frac{V_B}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot V_B}{2}$$

c) tratto CD

$$N \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot d = 4qd \cdot 2d$$

$$N = \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} qd = \frac{8\sqrt{2}qd}{2} = 4\sqrt{2}qd = 8685,28 \text{ N}$$

↑ globale

$$V_A = -2N \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 6qd =$$

$$= -8qd + 6qd = -2qd$$

c) tratto AC = -3000 kg

$$M_A - V_A \cdot d + 2qd^2 = 0$$

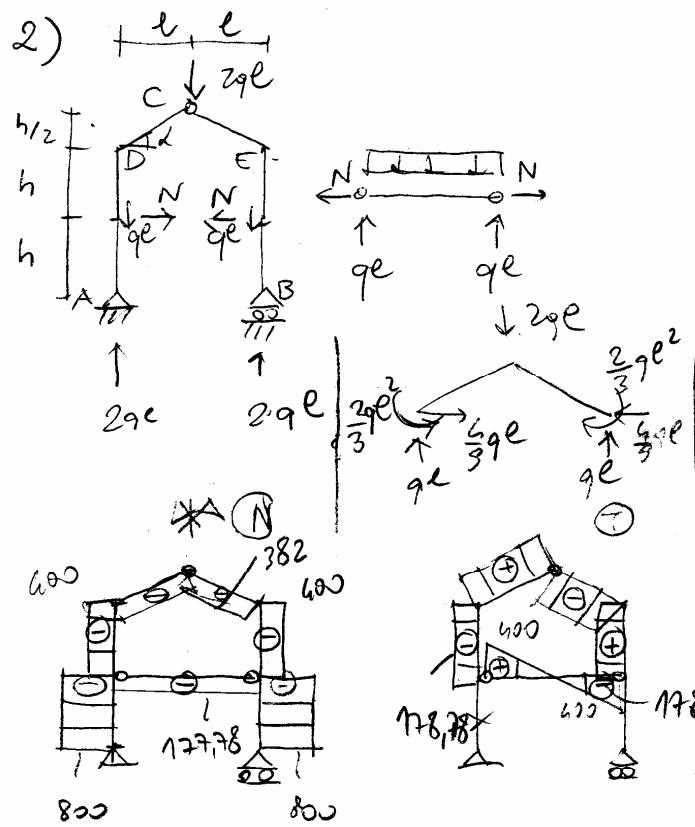
$$M_A = -4qd^2 + 2qd^2 = -2qd^2$$

$$\text{check} = -13500 \text{ Nm}$$

B ↑ globale

$$+ 2qd \cdot 3d = 6qd^2 \text{ ok}$$

(A)



$$l = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 3 \text{ m} = \frac{3}{2} l$$

$$q = 200 \text{ kg/m}$$

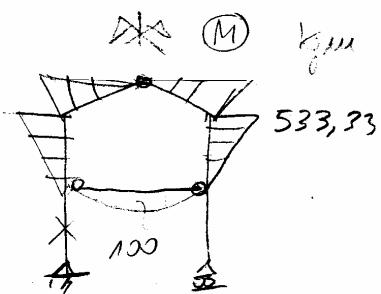
$$N \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} l - 2qe^2 + ql^2 = 0$$

$$N = +qe \cdot \frac{4}{5} = +177,78 \text{ kg}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$$

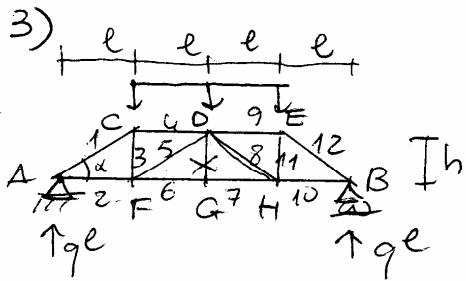
$$\sin \alpha = 3/5$$

$$\cos \alpha = 4/5$$



$$N(s) = -qe \sin \alpha - \frac{4}{3}qe \cos \alpha = -\frac{3}{5}qe - \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5}qe = -\frac{43}{25}qe = -382,22 \text{ kg}$$

$$T(s) = qe \cos \alpha - \frac{4}{3}qe \sin \alpha = qe \cdot \frac{4}{5} - \frac{4}{5}qe \cdot \frac{3}{5} = \frac{8}{15}qe = 213,33 \text{ kg}$$



$$M_A = 13$$

$$u_m = 8$$

$$l = 1,5 \text{ m} = \frac{3}{2} h$$

$$h = 1 \text{ m} = \frac{2}{3} l; q = 100 \text{ kg/m}$$

$$V_A = V_B = qe$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{1+4/3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}$$

(A)

$$N_1 = -\frac{qe}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$N_2 = \frac{qe}{\sin \alpha}$$

(B) = (A)

(F)

$$N_5 = -\frac{qe}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$N_6 = +\frac{qe}{\sin \alpha} + \frac{qe}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{qe}{\sin \alpha}$$

(C)

$$N_4 = -\frac{qe}{\tan \alpha}$$

$$N_3 = -\frac{qe}{2} + qe = \frac{qe}{2}$$

(D)

$$N_{10} = \frac{qe}{2 \sin \alpha}$$

$$N_{11} = \frac{qe}{2 \sin \alpha}$$

1 - 270,41

2 225

3 45

4 -225

5 -135,2

6 337,5

7 = N\_6

8 = N\_5

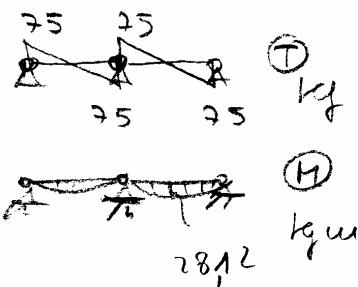
9 = N\_4

10 = N\_2

11 = N\_3

12 = N\_1

SECONDARIAW



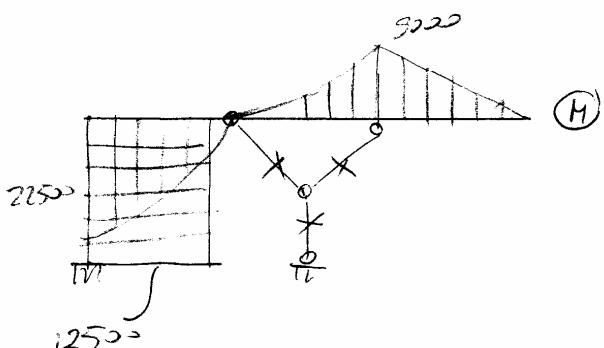
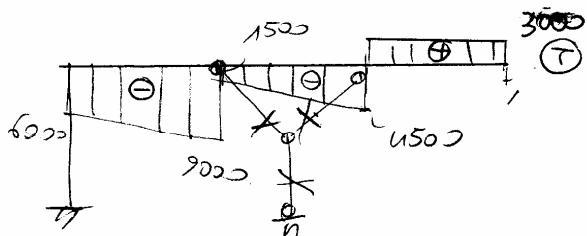
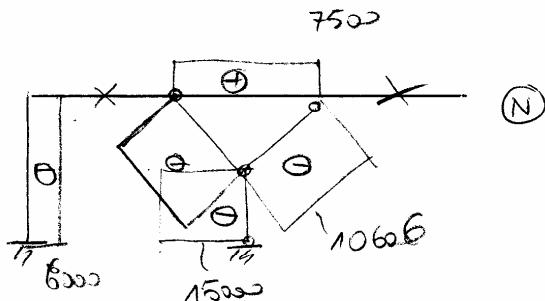
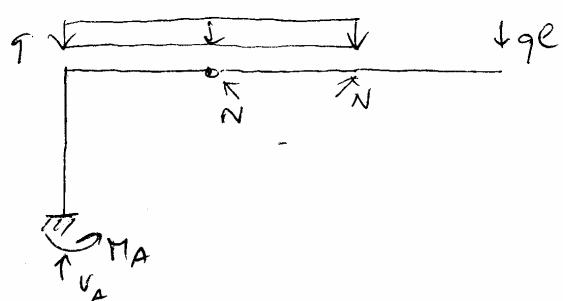
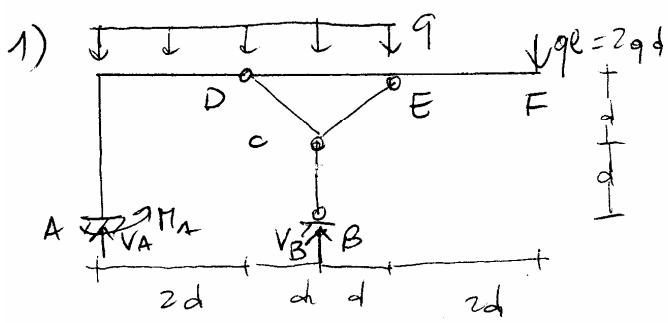
T

H

28,12

$\frac{1}{2} q_e u$

84 CT 31/03/2020



(B)

$$q = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$$

$$d = 1.5 \text{ m}, \ell = 2d$$

$$\begin{matrix} N \\ \uparrow \\ C \\ \uparrow \\ V_B \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{2N\sqrt{2}}{8} = V_B$$

$$D \Rightarrow \frac{N\sqrt{2}}{2} d = q 2d^2 + q d^2 \cdot 4$$

$$N = 5\sqrt{2}qd \Rightarrow V_B = 10qd$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) V_A &= 6qd - \frac{2.5\sqrt{2}}{8} qd \\ &+ 2qd = -6qd \\ &= -6000 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$A \Rightarrow M_A + V_B 3d = 8qd^2 + 12qd^2$$

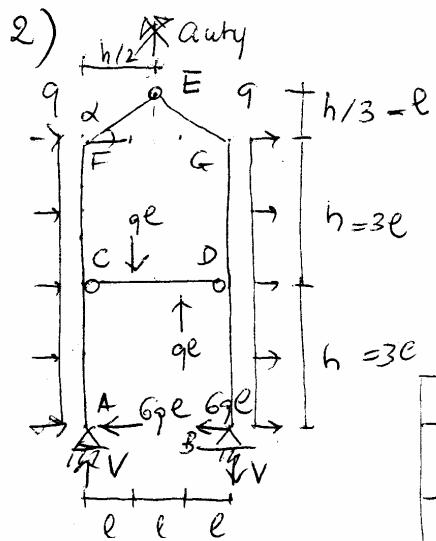
$$M_A = -10qd^2 = -22500 \text{ kgm}$$

check

$$B \Rightarrow +12qd^2 - 10qd^2 + 6qd^2 - 6qd^2 = 0$$

$$N = 10606 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_B = 15000 \text{ kg}$$



$$q = 200 \text{ kg/m}$$

$$h = 3l; l = 1\text{m}$$

$$h = 3l$$

$$\sin \alpha = 2/\sqrt{13}$$

$$\tan \alpha = (3/2)^{-1}l = \frac{2}{3}; \cos \alpha = 3/\sqrt{13}$$

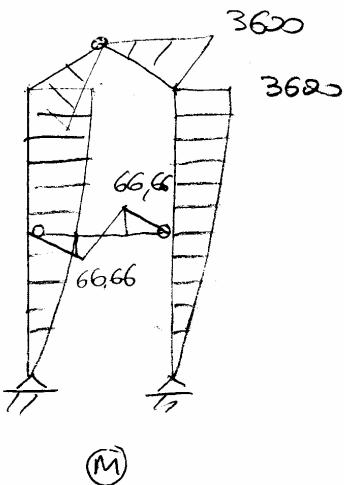
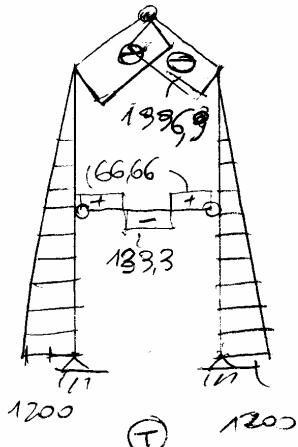
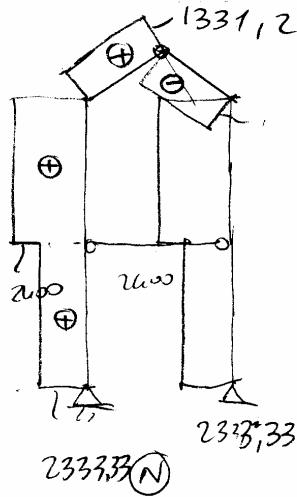
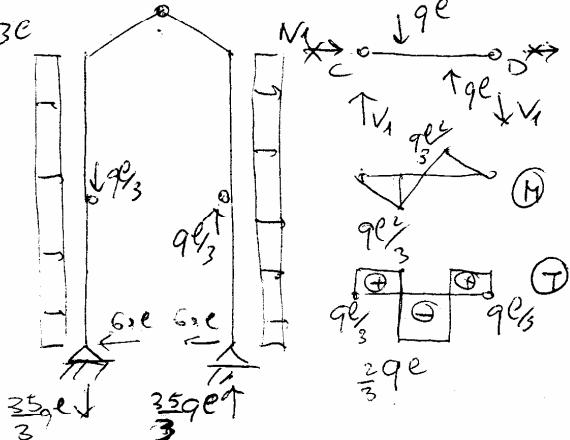
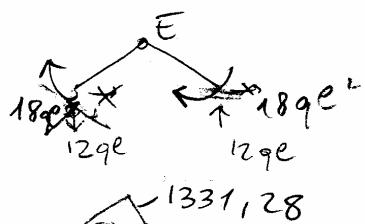
$$A5 - \sqrt{3}l - 6qe \cdot 2 \cdot 3l + qe^2 = 0$$

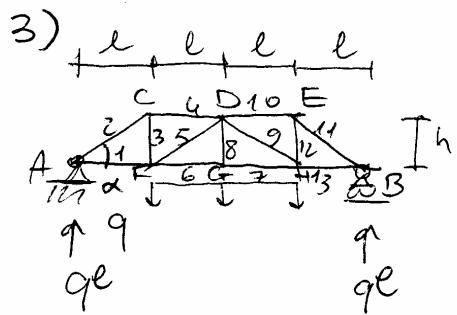
$$N = -\frac{35}{3}qe = -2333,33 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_1 3l = qe^2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{qe^2}{3}$$

$$N_1 \Rightarrow$$





$$\ell = 1,5 \text{ m} = \frac{3}{2} h$$

$$h = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$q = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$$

$$t_{pd} = 2/3$$

$$c_{pd} = 3/\sqrt{3}$$

$$m_{pd} = 2/\sqrt{3}$$

(A)

$$N_2 = -\frac{qe}{t_{pd}}$$

$$N_1 = \frac{qe}{t_{pd}}$$

(B) column

(C)

$$N_4 = -\frac{qe}{t_{pd}}$$

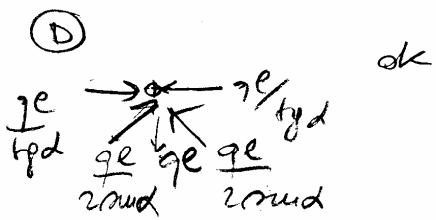
$$N_3 = qe$$

(E)

$$N_5 = -\frac{qe}{2t_{pd}}$$

$$N_6 = \frac{qe}{2t_{pd}} + \frac{qe}{t_{pd}} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{qe}{t_{pd}}$$

$$N_8 = qe$$



SECONDARIES

